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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT
Mining News From Every County
In Arizona.

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LINEVITCH IS SURE OF FIGHT

Sends Official Report to Czar
of Japanese Preparations
For War

WARNS THIS COUNTRY

Insists That Mikado Will Try
to Seize the Philippines
Before Long

WOULD WELCOME ALLIANCE

Russia on Land, America on
Sea, Could Put End to
Menace

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 19.—That Japan, in pursuance of her firmly-rooted intention of becoming the absolute master of the Pacific, is hastening her preparations for war and making ready in every possible way for the conflict that, it is believed, is sure to come, improved by the discoveries of General Linevitch, commander-in-chief of the Russian-Siberian army, who, after a personal investigation, has reported to the Czar the activity of Japan's spies and emissaries in Siberia, Manchuria, China and Korea. General Linevitch's dispatch strengthens his Majesty in the belief, recently expressed, that the Mikado, while making ready with feverish haste to combat any power which shall have the presumption to resist his attempted encroachments in the Orient, does not overlook the fact that his first conflict will probably be with the United States, not only for supremacy in the trade of the Far East, but with the view of seizing those possessions which the United States now has in the Pacific.

It is well known that Japan has been looking for some time with long eyes on the Philippines, seeing in these islands an outlet for the energies of its ambitious and restless population, which, intoxicated with the unexpected success it achieved in its conflict with Russia, has become mad with the desire for conquest and expansion.

That the contest must come between the United States and Japan within five years, and that it would be disastrous to America, is firmly believed by the leading military men as to state publicly that he would welcome an offensive and defensive alliance with the United States against the encroachments of Japan. He points out, however, and with reason, from the Russian viewpoint, that in the late war with Japan, America made two mistakes. One in openly taking the side of Japan, and the other in engineering the treaty of Portsmouth and terminating the war. Had the war been allowed to proceed, military men here believe, Japan would have so exhausted her resources that for a long period she would have been too busy recovering to think of again starting trouble with any foreign power.

The report just dispatched by General Linevitch is as follows:

"The Japanese government is erecting hastily in Manchuria and Korea fortifications and sending enormous quantities of ammunition to the place. Under disguise of various business enterprises they are laying properties near Blagovestchensk and all the strategically important points adjoining our Siberian frontier, especially around Vladivostok and Blagovestchensk to accumulate the ammunition.

"Hundreds of similar cases indicate the preparation of war. Similar preparations are reported in the navy and harbor of Korakoff in Saghalien. A special detailed report will follow by courier."

At the time this dispatch was sent by General Linevitch, the Russian police had arrested two Japanese spies near Blagovestchensk, disclosed as Russian telegraph officials, who were making topographical measurements and notes and maps have been found in their baggage. They explain themselves to be in the service of a private American telegraph company, but it is believed they are special emissaries of the Japanese general staff.

As was the case before, in the last war, the whole Russian Pacific coast and the adjoining points having fortifications.

MAYHEW WAS AN OUTLAW COCHISE

Interesting History About Rich
Tucson Mining Man, Now
Being Sued for Divorce By
Wife for Infidelity

Few people are aware that the Felix Mayhew, who is creating so much notoriety in Yuma and Maricopa county over the discovery of rich mines in Yuma county, that he subsequently bonded to eastern capitalists, and then was sued for a divorce by a woman named Mary Mayhew, who asks for a division of his property, was a member of the Alvord-Stiles gang of outlaws that operated in Cochise county a number of years ago. Mayhew was one of the party of four, composed of Billy Stiles, Mat Burtis, William Downing and Felix Mayhew, who on the first day of September 1901 had planned to hold up the Southern Pacific train at Benson, and even went so far as to go to the town of Benson, and had it not been for the backing down of Burtis and Mayhew at the last minute, the train would have been robbed. The party left Willcox on the day of the proposed hold-up and went to Benson and stayed all night and were to hold up the west bound train that arrived there at about 4 o'clock in the morning. All went well and when the train pulled into the depot Stiles and Downing went around to the front of the depot and were to cover the express messenger and cut off the express car from the balance of the train and make the engineer pull it to a mile or two above Benson. Mayhew and Burtis were to watch the side of the train to cover anyone who might try to stop the deal. Just as Stiles was about to crawl into the express car, being acquainted with the messenger, having worked as a guard just a few months previous, he and Downing discovered that Burtis and Mayhew were missing. They not knowing what had happened backed away from the train and later found Mayhew hiding behind a barrel near the depot and Burtis a little further away. The deal was called off but not until Downing and Stiles had told Burtis and Mayhew what they thought of them.

Burtis then told Stiles he was game and would do his part. The Coconino deal was proposed and Stiles and Burtis did the work on the 16th of September, securing about \$16,000. Downing was in on the deal but Mayhew knew nothing about it as he was let out by the gang when he showed cold feet at Benson.

Mayhew was a witness in the courts at Tombstone and in Tucson at the time of the trials and it was principally on his and Stiles testimony that Downing was sent to the penitentiary at Yuma for seven years and which sentence Downing has just completed and returned to Tombstone during the past week.

Mayhew's wife who is suing him for divorce, claims that she has been his lawful wife for over ten years and that last July he cast her aside for a younger woman, and asks for a divorce and a division of the property, alleged to be worth about \$600,000.

The following dispatch from Yuma gives particulars of the divorce suit:

YUMA, Oct. 19.—Felix Mayhew, mining magnate, owner of rich properties in Puma and Pima counties, whereon recently a rich strike of \$600,000 was reported, and who recently took unto himself a wife, is now facing a lawsuit instituted by Mary Zabala, who signs her name "Mary Mayhew," and claims to be the common-law wife of the wealthy prospector and mine owner.

Mrs. Mayhew No. 1 prays the court to sever the bonds of matrimony which bind her, she claims, legally, to Mayhew, and give her a wife's share of his property, estimated to be worth many thousands of dollars in actual and speculative value and alimony while the suit is pending.

According to her complaint which bristles with sensational allegations, she was intermarried to Mayhew at strategic points in Siberia, and again filled with the Japanese spies. Daily reports from eastern Siberia show the Russian and Japanese people are becoming more and more hostile.

At a meeting of officers General Linevitch said recently:

"I rather would prefer the whole of Siberia to the Americans than give the Japanese burial ground for a single soldier. The Americans helped us to make peace, but we will urge them now to declare a war and join us. We will be strong enough on land, and I know the Americans will be strong enough in their excellent navy. I drink for the success of our friends, the Americans, the greatest of all people, the Americans."

The coming visit of American Secretary of War Taft and his party in Siberia is regarded in Russian military circles as a very important event, and strong sentiment is prevailing for a Russo-American alliance.

General Linevitch will meet Taft personally and have a long consultation.

A great reception has been prepared for Taft in Vladivostok and in Irkutsk. A special imperial train will be assigned for his use through Siberia and through Russia, until he reaches St. Petersburg. The day of his arrival in Vladivostok will be as a national holiday. The Czar has ordered General Linevitch to assign the famous imperial band for the reception. This organization of Russia's most famous military musicians has been practicing for several weeks on American patriotic airs and particularly the American national music for Taft's reception.



BOILER LETS GO; WRECK AND WOUNDS

Awful Force of Steam Shown
When Explosion Sends Huge
Body 2000 Feet and
Rattles House Nearby

BAKERSVILLE, Cal., Oct. 19.—The explosion of a boiler on the Calloma lease at the Kern River fields today wrecked the boiler and tool houses and riddled a bunk house 100 feet away, in which two men were sleeping, who narrowly escaped with their lives. It blew the boiler 2000 feet to the Green and Whittaker lease adjoining.

Frank Thurston was knocked over and injured by a blazing scintilla. George Johnson was struck on the head by a brick. A piece of iron track was driven through the wall of a bunk house directly beneath the bed in which Johnson was lying, but neither of the men was injured. The bunk house was perforated by flying pieces of iron and wrecked. Pieces of burning wood flew and fire did considerable damage. The explosion was caused by low water in the boiler.

Casa Grande, about September 16, 1899, since which time she says she has performed the duties of a wife toward a man, who, she claims, is now a deserter for his present wife, No. 2 who was formerly Carmelita Romero, and whom he married August 24, of this year. Upon the outcome of the suit of wife No. 1 depends the validity of his marriage to wife No. 2 and as a result he is expected to bitterly contest the claims of the woman who asserts she is his common-law wife.

Mayhew recently disposed of a group of claims to eastern parties for an immense price.

GIVE \$2,000 BONDS
Members of House of Delegates
Accused of Receiving Bribe Money.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—Two members of the house of delegates, Ferd Werner and F. W. Priestmeyer, arrested last night charged with having received bribe money to secure passage of an ordinance permitting the erection of a garage on Delmar boulevard by Henry Archer, appeared in criminal court today and gave bonds in the sum of \$2,000 each, to answer to any charge that may be returned by the grand jury.

MOVED TO DENVER.
F. J. Graf & Co. who have been operating a brokerage office at Albuquerque have moved that office to Denver, where it will be operated under the name of Levy Brothers. The firm will be composed of Max and Sam Levy of Albuquerque and Frank J. Graf of this city. The local office of Frank J. Graf will continue to do business through the Denver office the same as they did through the office when it was located at Albuquerque. The service of the local office will be materially improved by the change.

TRAVELED 475 MILES.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The army balloon which started from St. Louis Thursday evening, landed at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon about three miles from Wallon, Roane county, West Va., according to a dispatch received by the signal service today from Captain Chandler, who is with the balloon. The distance traveled was about 475 miles. The distance it had to beat to win the Lahm cup was 402 miles.

FOOTBALL

At Los Angeles—St. Vincents 10, Denver 0.
At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania 11, Brown 0.
At Syracuse—Syracuse 9, Williams 0.
At Annapolis—Harvard 6, Navy 0.
At West Point—Army 0, Yale 0.
At Princeton—Princeton 40, Washington and Jefferson 0.
At Minneapolis—Minnesota 8, Nebraska 5.
At Indianapolis—Michigan 22, Washburn 0.
At Easton, Pa.—Lafayette 21, Colgate 9.
At Carlisle—Indians 15, Bucknell 0.
At Swarthmore—Swarthmore 30, George Washington 0.
At Pittsburgh—Western University of Pennsylvania 33, Muskingum 5.
At South Bethlehem, Pa.—Lehigh 22, Medics of Pennsylvania 0.
At Berkeley—California 25, Nevada 0.
At Stanford—University 16, Barbarians 13.
At Ithaca—Pennsylvania State college defeated Cornell at football 8 to 6 today. Cornell was outplayed from the start, the first half ending with Pennsylvania 4, Cornell 0.

RAIN AND SNOW
El Paso and vicinity deluged; snow at Cloudcroft yesterday.

(Special to Review.)
EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 19.—The rain occurred here today in all directions. The Globe passenger train is marooned at Fort Thomas as the result of floods, and damage was also done at Solomonsville. It snowed today at Cloudcroft.

BOOST FOR HALLIHAN
Is Made General Manager of New Road in Bolivia.

(Special to Review.)
EL PASO, Texas, Oct. 19.—J. P. Hallihan, formerly with W. C. Greene of Mexico, and with the Harriman lines in Arizona and Sonora, as construction engineer, has been made general manager of a new road in Bolivia, South America.

BOY IS EXONERATED.
KANSAS CITY, Oct. 19.—The coroner's jury today exonerated George Smiley, the boy who early Tuesday shot and killed his mother, Mrs. Lizzy Shulfer, while defending her from an attack of a burglar.

NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN THE SITUATION

Several Creditors Still Declare
They Will Never Accept
the Overlook Offer

The situation as to the acceptance of the offer of L. J. Overlook to the stockholders of the late firm remains about the same as last evening. There has not as yet been any determined move made by one party or the other, although it was reported last night that several more of those who had been opposing the acceptance of the Overlook offer had agreed during the day to sign the agreement, and that others would do so during the next few days. Several of those, however, that attended the meeting held in the justice's office maintain that they will not under any circumstances accept the offer, even if the majority who attended the meeting finally decided to accept, so that the possibility of getting all to come in and sign the agreement is out of the question. The present week will probably see the matter settled one way or the other, as the present conditions can not exist beyond that time.

RIOT ON 'FRISCO STREET CAR; ONE DEAD

Dispute Over Transfers Leads
to Bloody Fight in Which
the Conductor and Motor-
man Use Guns Recklessly

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—As the result of trouble over transfer slips at Polk street on the United Railroad system this evening, one man was shot and killed, another so seriously wounded that death will probably ensue, and two other men less severely injured. The slain man is Charles Moss, aged 34, a hod carrier. Ewerwein was shot through the neck and left eye and will probably die.

John Monger, a hod carrier, was shot through the left hand; Barney Goldstein, shot through the right leg; Joseph Steffens is likely to lose his left eye, which was filled with shattering shrapnel.

The conductor of the car, E. B. Brown, and Motorman E. A. Purcell are at the city prison charged with murder.

When the car left the ferry to pass out of Mission street by way of Polk, it was packed with passengers, including men returning from work, and men and women who had been across the bay. The crowded car made it difficult for Brown to collect fares and by the time Polk street was reached the overcrowded passengers were irritable and nervous. The man who started the trouble, according to his own admission to the police is John Monger. He said when he paid his fare, "any in the long trip he asked the conductor for a transfer. Brown was busy and told Monger to wait awhile. Monger repeated his request several times and Brown failed to hand him the slip. Finally Monger concluded Brown did not intend to give him the ticket and struck at him. The conductor lodged the blow and swung back at Monger, striking him in the face and knocking him down. All the disturbance happened on the rear platform, where Monger had been talking to Goldstein and Moss. These men say that when Monger was knocked down they saw Brown draw a revolver and they grappled with him to prevent him using it. Brown's fact would indicate the preventive measures included more than seizure for his contumacious is badly bruised and cut.

At this juncture the shooting commenced. At the same time some one threw off the trolley pole and the car came to a standstill. Stoppage of the car, coupled with the noise in the rear, led Purcell to believe his mate was in danger, and revolver in hand, he pushed his way through the crowd of car. Women and children were thrown into a panic and made a rush to escape. Women trampled upon children and windows were broken by frightened passengers, whose hysteria increased when the shooting began.

POSTMASTER AT CANON DIABLE
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 19.—(Special) Ronnie Nagland is appointed postmaster at Canon Diablo, Arizona, vice F. F. Volse, removed.

TWO NEW POSTOFFICES.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—(Special) A postoffice is established at Ceropol, Mohave county, Thos. E. Kennedy, postmaster. Also at Leesishelm, Coconino county, Wilson B. Holland, postmaster.

SILVER MARKET.
NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Bar silver, 60; Mexican dollars 47 1/2 cents.

COURT TO DECIDE INTERPRETER TANGLE

Suit Filed Against Board of
Supervisors and Huffaker
By District Attorney to Find
Out Board's Authority

The question of the official interpreter of the Bisbee justice courts is very liable to be settled in the court at Tombstone at an early date. Suit has been filed in the district court against the members of the Board of Supervisors, William Riggs, G. J. McCabe and J. J. Bowen as well as J. J. Huffaker, to compel the board to pay back into the county treasury the sum of \$312.50 which is the amount that the board at its recent meeting allowed Mr. Huffaker as interpreter of the Bisbee courts.

The complaint alleges as follows: That on or about the 5th day of July, 1907, the said board of supervisors at a meeting thereof, at which all said members were present, unlawfully and without authority, appointed the defendant, J. J. Huffaker as interpreter for the justice courts of Bisbee and Lowell, in said county and fixed his salary therefor at the sum of \$125 per month. That all of said members voted unanimously for such appointment and fixing the salary.

That said defendant, J. J. Huffaker, has performed no services in any of said justice courts as interpreter.

That on October 1st, 1907, the said defendant, J. J. Huffaker, filed with the board of supervisors of said county a demand for the sum of \$312.50, claiming the same as salary, and without authority of law to allow the said demand and ordered the amount paid out of the county treasury to the said defendant, J. J. Huffaker.

Wherefore plaintiff prays a decree of this court enjoining the payment of the said sum, or in case the same shall have been paid before the date of said decree, then to recover the same from the defendant with 20 per cent and lawful interest and costs, which shall be paid into the county treasury to the credit of the fund from which said order was made.

The complaint is signed by F. W. Shelley as district attorney, and Messrs. Neale and Ross as counsel.

The papers in the case were served in the city last evening on J. J. Huffaker, the other copies having been sent to the other members of the board. The case will, when it is called in Tombstone, determine whether or not the board of supervisors had a right to allow the demand of J. J. Huffaker, and will also settle the question whether they have a right to appoint him as the official interpreter of the local justice courts.

Nearly two years ago the board of supervisors in order to save the county the expense of paying an interpreter the sum of \$250 for each case in which he acted in the justice courts decided to appoint an official interpreter for the two courts in Bisbee at a stated salary per month. J. J. Meldano was appointed by the board and acted as such interpreter until he was notified that J. J. Huffaker had been appointed in his stead. Meldano drew a salary of \$100 per month for the time. When the appointment of Huffaker was made the local justices refused to accept the appointment and continued to allow Meldano to act as interpreter, and refused to allow Huffaker to act.

When the case comes to trial the board of supervisors will maintain that if they had the right to appoint Meldano in the first place, they had the right to revoke the appointment, although the minutes at the time the first appointment was made fail to show that there was any definite time set as to how long he should act in such capacity. It is reported that the governor and attorney general of the territory have advised the board that their stand in the matter is correct, and that they have the right to revoke the appointment.

It is true that Huffaker has not performed the services but he was not allowed to do so by the rulings of the local justices, although he was willing to act from the time of his appointment.

The outcome of the case will be watched with interest, as it has already caused considerable ill feeling between the parties concerned. The claim of Meldano filed with the board of supervisors for the same time as that put in by Huffaker was held up, no action being taken on it whatever.

TUNNEL CAVES IN
Southwestern Trains Delayed by Accident in New Mexico.

(Special to Review.)
EL PASO, Texas, Oct. 19.—The tunnel on the Southwestern east of Hermosillo, N. M., caved Thursday night, and Friday's train from Bisbee was brought in by way of Deming. The road is now open again. A strange man was killed while asleep in the tunnel today. He is believed to have been a bridge carpenter from West End.

STILL COURT PROXIES.
CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The meeting of Illinois Central stockholders today adjourned until 11 o'clock next Tuesday morning, the proxy committee still being unable to report, but it is believed it may be able to submit findings to the stockholders meeting when it next convenes.

WILL RIP THE DOINGS OF NEWPORT

Batonyi, Horseman, Who Married
Heiress, Sued for Divorce,
Is Very Angry

BLAMES FRANK WORK

Father-in-Law Expresses Contempt for Both Batonyi and His Daughter

BARS LATTER FROM RETURN

Was Mrs. Burke-Roche and
Disowned When She Married Batonyi

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Frank Work, the millionaire father of Mrs. Aurel Batonyi, who was Mrs. Burke-Roche, said that his daughter would never be allowed to return to his home. He declared he never forgave her since her marriage, and he denounced Batonyi in unmeasured terms.

Mr. Work's interview, the first to which he has consented since his daughter's disagreement with her husband, came as a result of extraordinary charges made by Batonyi against his wife and her relatives. The former professional wild told of persecutions which he said he has endured since his marriage, and indicated his belief that his father-in-law was behind them. Mr. Work is a devoted horseman, and since his quarrel with Mrs. Batonyi he has seemingly given all his affection to the splendid animals which make up his stable.

"I do not care what that person Batonyi has been saying," said Mr. Work in response to a question. "He is just a ————" indicating a strong emphasis upon what President Roosevelt has styled a short and ugly word.

"If that person says I have persecuted him, it simply shows him again for what he is. He is beneath notice. I have never put any obstacle in his way. I have not concerned myself with what he has been doing, and I do not care to hear anything about it. I know nothing regarding Mrs. Batonyi's divorce proceedings. If anyone says I told her to get a divorce they are wrong. I care nothing about the matter and I will not discuss it any further."

"Did you ever induce any of your friends to be discourteous to Batonyi or to try to prevent him from buying horses or anything else he desired to get?"

"Boh!" was the sole comment of Mr. Work.

"Will your daughter, Mrs. Batonyi, be forgiven and will she return to your home, if she gets a divorce?"

"She will not," replied the old millionaire, speaking quickly and sharply. "She will not and that's all I will say about her after this divorce."

This definite announcement by Mr. Work is certain to cause a sensation in society circles, where it was believed that as soon as his daughter obtained a divorce from Batonyi, she would again become heiress to the fifteen millions of her father. It was recalled that after she divorced Mr. Burke-Roche, Mr. Work took his daughter back home and settled a yearly income of \$100,000 upon her.

Batonyi expressed his own feelings by saying: "Not for one million dollars nor one hundred million dollars would I put up any longer with Newport conditions."

He says that he has been hounded beyond endurance by members of the families of social leaders. The revelations he prepared to make in open court, he says, will cause a social upheaval such as has never been experienced in this country.

Batonyi's chief counsel, Edward A. Alexander, says that his client has not misrepresented conditions, and that the suit of Mrs. Batonyi will result in an exposure of American society conditions that will probably induce many social leaders to take a trip to Europe for their health.

One of the storm centers, Alexander declared, will be the history of the two-mile farm upon which Mrs. Burke-Roche was making her home at the time of her marriage. Many of Mrs. Batonyi's friends have believed that the farm was really placed in her possession by her father, although he did not wish her to know that he had related to such an extent, but Mr. Work vigorously denied this rumor to day.

The farm had been transferred and re-transferred frequently during the last few years. In most of the transfers Charles Drake Chapman, a confidential man for Frank Sturgis, the banking firm of Sturge & Sturge, appears as a party to the transaction. Mr. Work was at one time connected with Mr. Sturgis in business.

At the time of the marriage of Mr. Fish, Mr. Batonyi says he was urged to attend the ceremony, only to find upon his arrival there that a deliberate plot seemed to have been laid to insult him. Persons who had urged his presence deliberately turned their

(Continued on Page 5.)